

The  
Future  
of  
Writing

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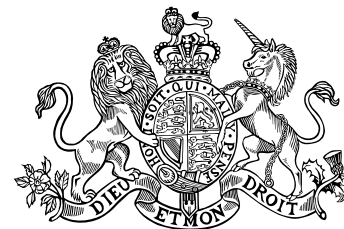
NM

SP and CW

Microsoft Research,  
Cambridge

Microsoft  
**Research**

Royal College of Art



**Royal College of Art**  
Postgraduate Art and Design

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The following booklet includes background research and proposals from a two-month project commissioned by Microsoft Research Cambridge, UK, the Microsoft Office Team and the Design Interactions Department, Royal College of Art, London, UK, as part of the Future of Writing project. The project was launched with a one-day seminar and workshop involving specially invited guest speakers and the participating designers.

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## Foreword

Professor Anthony Dunne,  
Head of Programme,  
[Design Interactions](#)

In this project with Microsoft Research, Cambridge, and the Microsoft Office Team, we explore new ways design can make technology-supported writing and authorship more meaningful and relevant to our lives, both now, and in the future, by thinking not only about new applications but implications as well.

The aim is to inspire, stimulate discussion, and provoke debate in order to help achieve a technological future that reflects the complex, troubled people we are, rather than the easily satisfied consumers and users we are supposed to be.

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## Foreword

Richard Banks, Alex Taylor and  
Tim Regan

from [Socio-Digital Systems,](#)  
[Microsoft Research Cambridge](#)

It's clear that tools for reading and writing are evolving exponentially, with this year's tweet replacing last year's blog post. The danger here is that technology becomes the primary way through which authorship and consumption are defined. In this project, undertaken with the Royal College of Art in London, a number of world-class designers speculate beyond technology and functionality on the possibilities for authorship. From the material to the symbolic, the philosophical to the political, this thought-provoking body of work invites new questions on the forms and processes of literary creation.

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## Guest speakers

For further information on guest speakers click on the hyperlinks

[Richard Banks](#)

[Jeremy Ettinghausen](#)

[Tim Regan](#)

[Alex Taylor](#)

[Tim Etchells](#)

[Justin McGuirk](#)

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## Designers

To view projects click on individual tabs below

[David Benqué](#) page 11

[Dash Macdonald  
and Demitrios Kargotis](#)  
page 22

[Kobe Barhad](#) page 41

[Nicolas Myers](#) page 52

[Sascha Pohflepp  
Chris Woebken](#) page 63

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[David Benqué](#)

The Infinite Adventure Machine (TIAM) is a proposal for a computer program that generates fairy tale plots.

[Dash Macdonald  
and Demitrios Kargotis](#)

A hyper-realistic workshop training script that uses iconic stories and films as models to explore the Conservative Party's contemporary grand narrative of 'The Big Society'.

[Kobe Barhad](#)

"Thoughts you may have" is research that explores the existence of our inner dialogues. Using text prediction tools, a space for private thoughts are produced in a virtual social network.

[Nicolas Myers](#)

Punctu.at is a tool to create, combine and share new punctuation marks and symbols. Using existing typographic shapes, this project explores how personal symbols can enrich and modify the meaning of a text.

[Sascha Pohflepp  
Chris Wobken](#)

The future of writing will be the future of writing down everything, by machinic ghost-writers who have long been compiling our auto-autobiographies. It will also be the future of reading those narratives of data, about our past, present and future.

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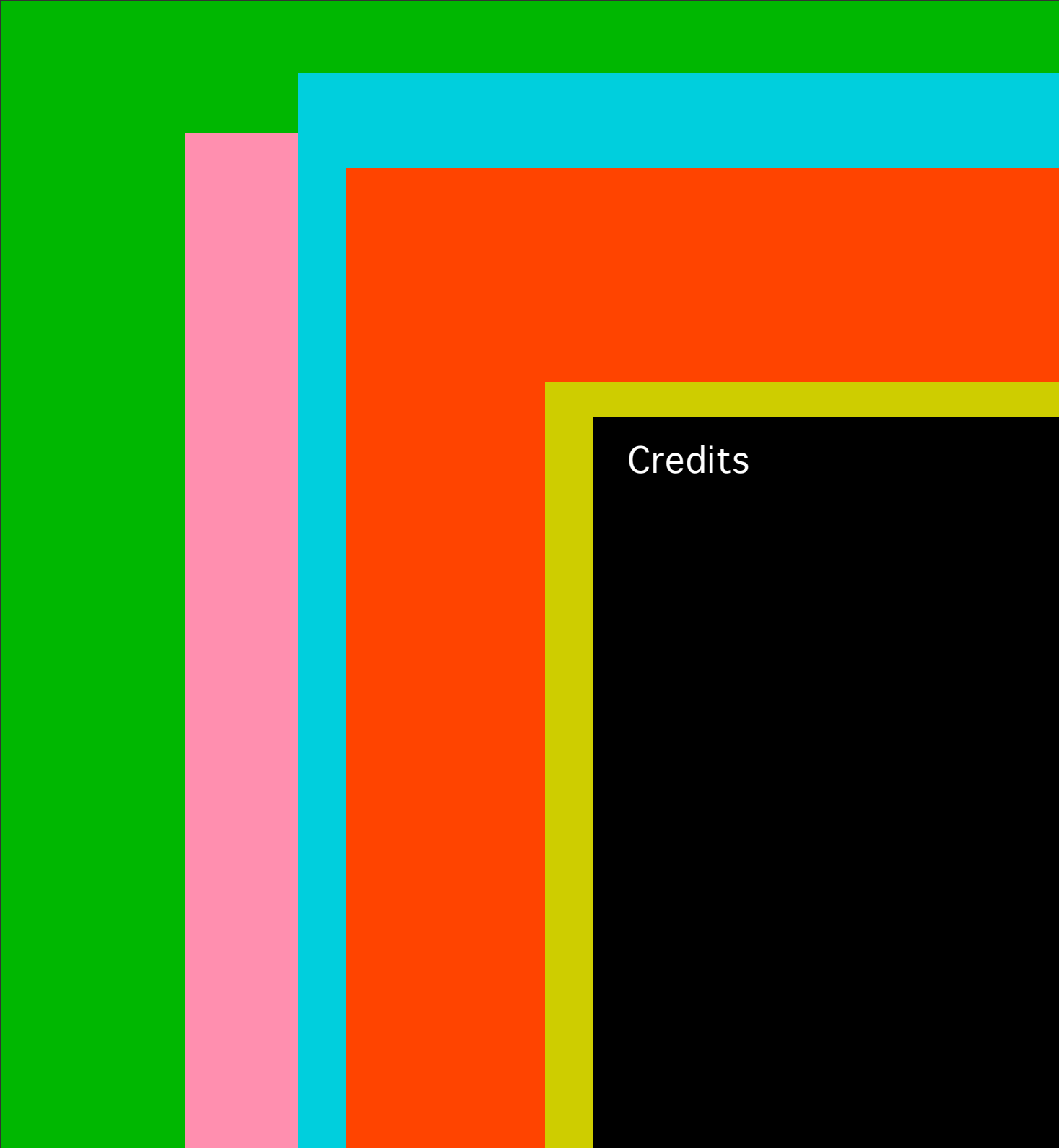
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Credits

Project mentor  
[Onkar Kular](#)

Graphic design and  
project documentation  
[Kellenberger-White](#)

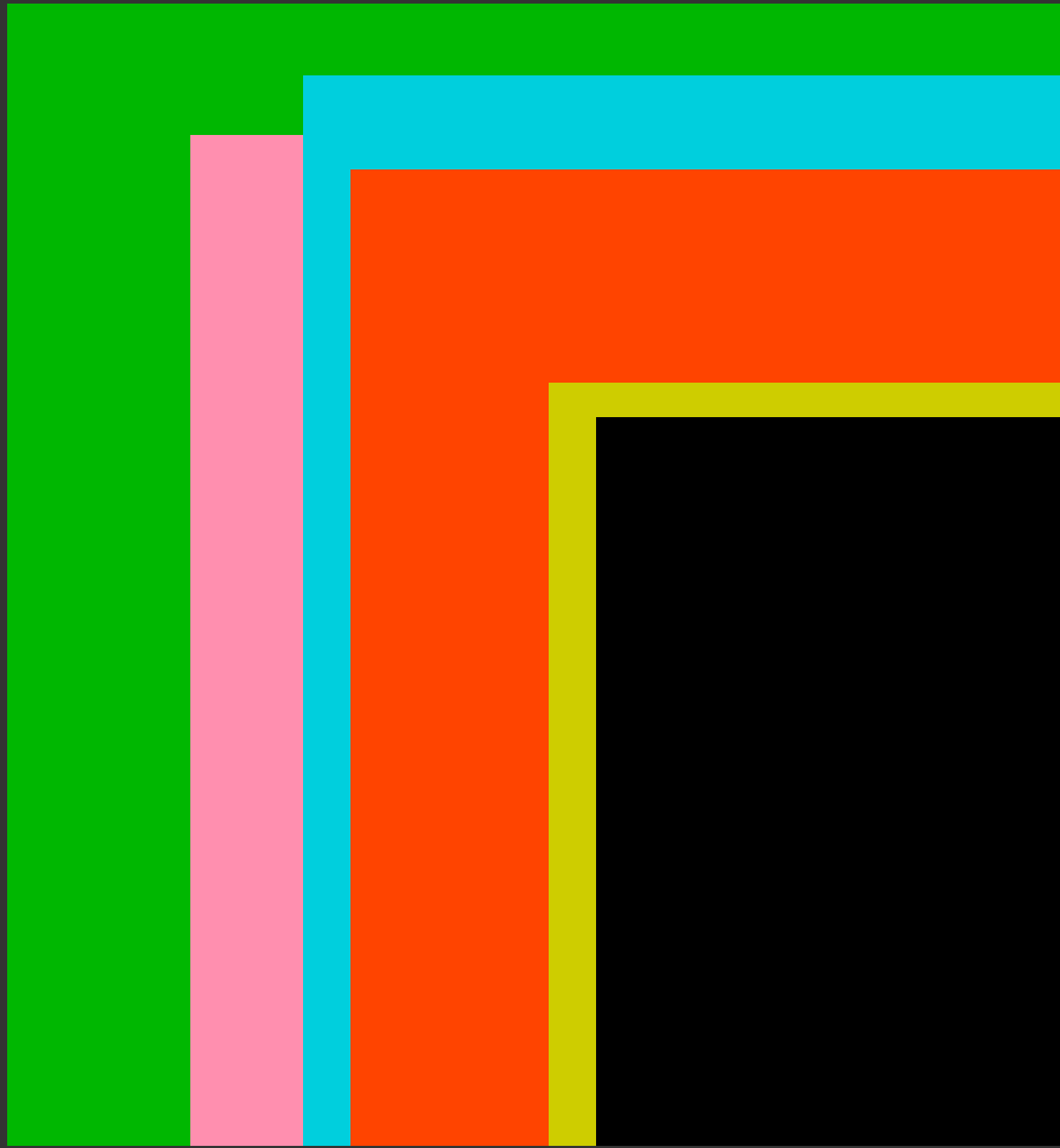
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David Benqué

The Infinite  
Adventure Machine

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David Benqué

[www.davidbenque.com](http://www.davidbenque.com)

Recent press

[We Make Money Not Art](#)

[Creative Applications](#)

[boingboing](#)

[Cool Hunting](#)

[Co. Design](#)



Illustration based on a Propp input sequence

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This is the thinking that led to the project...

I came across a paper by Joseph Gold, who argues storytelling and narrative are a biologically evolved functions of humans and actually have an evolutionary purpose in keeping us alive and evolving us as a species.

Two books that helped me develop my ideas...

1) 'The Uses of Enchantment' by Bruno Bettelheim. It's about fairy tales, and looks at their function — their significance for child development and the transition to adulthood.

2) 'The Morphology of the Folktale' by Vladimir Propp. This book raises the idea of story DNA, which could be interesting to look at in relation to computer science.

Propp split the Russian fairy tale into 31 basic functions within which any tale of the specific subset that he was studying fitted.

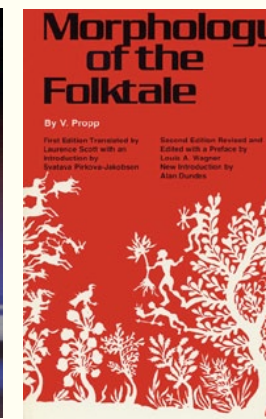
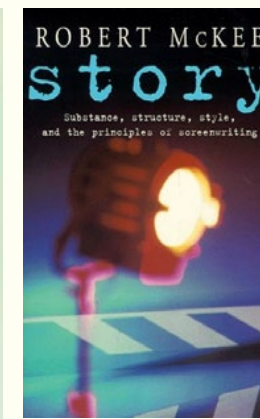
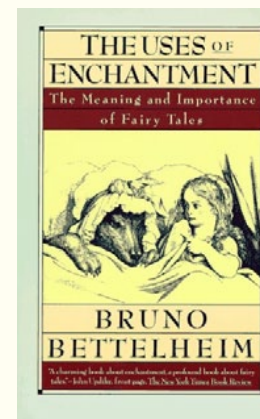
The example (below) of function 8a shows each function as an action or an event. Each one has up to 15 possible manifestations. Scientists have tried to use Propp's inspired theories to create generators.

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“Story is to human beings what the pearl is to osyters, active adaptation.”

Joseph Gold



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One of the problems I ran into is that the formula selects randomly pre-written chunks of text for a function, jams it all together and spits out a tale that is less interesting than the initial formula.

Generating compelling narratives is a killer — it is like the frontier of computer science. I widened my scope of research and ran into a whole score of online movie plot generators, which don't actually

- **function 8a (and/or 8) is always present in tale**
- **function 8a: one member of family lacks/desires something = lack – a**
- **a1** — lack of bride, friend, or an individual
- **a2** — lack of helper or magical agent
- **a3** — lack of wondrous object(s)
- **a4** — lack of egg of death or love
- **a5** — lack of money or means of existence
- **a6** — lacks in other forms

'Function 8a' based on Vladimir Propp

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generate anything because you have to fill in all the blanks.

I came across a piece of work by James Meehan called 'Tale Spin', part of his dissertation written in 1976, and this started to be a bit more interesting because he was exposing the kind of processes and relationships that he programmed to get to the outcome.

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Each character has a goal, such as to like hunger or thirst, or to become not

hungry or not thirsty, or something like that.

**PLOT-O-MATIC™**

Enter a Title:

Enter your name:

What's the genre?

Main character:

Sidekick:

Their goal:

Character growth:

Another character:

Action sequence:

<input type="radio"/> bum	<input type="radio"/> shoot
<input type="radio"/> beat up	<input type="radio"/> have sex with
<input type="radio"/> run away from	<input type="radio"/> poison
<input type="radio"/> chase	<input type="radio"/> blow up
<input type="radio"/> buy	<input type="radio"/> hijack

Enter a number:

Items:

Peer group:

What movie is it like?

Your favorite movie?

Online movie plot generator '[Plot-O-Matic](#)'

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Script produced using [‘Plot-O-Matic’](#)

**the Future of Writing**

an original screenplay concept  
by David Benqué

Science Fiction: A struggling artist teams up with a well-built female cyborg to save the earth from aliens. In the process they rescue a super intelligent chimpanzee. By the end of the movie they chase 67 oogly aliens and end up winning the admiration of their co-workers, living happily ever after.

Think Die Hard meets Cambridge.

-----[CUT HERE]-----

First example:

Once upon a time there was a dishonest fox and a vain crow. One day the crow was sitting in his tree, holding a piece of cheese in his mouth. He noticed that he was holding the piece of cheese. He became hungry, and swallowed

the cheese. The fox walked over to the crow. The end.

Second example:

Joe the bear was hungry. He asked Irving the bird where some honey was. Irving refused to tell him, so Joe offered to bring him a worm if he'd tell

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him where some honey was. Irving agreed. But Joe didn't know where any worms were, so he asked Irving, who refused to say. So Joe offered to bring him a worm if he'd tell him where any worms were. Irving agreed. But Joe didn't know where any worms were... and so on.

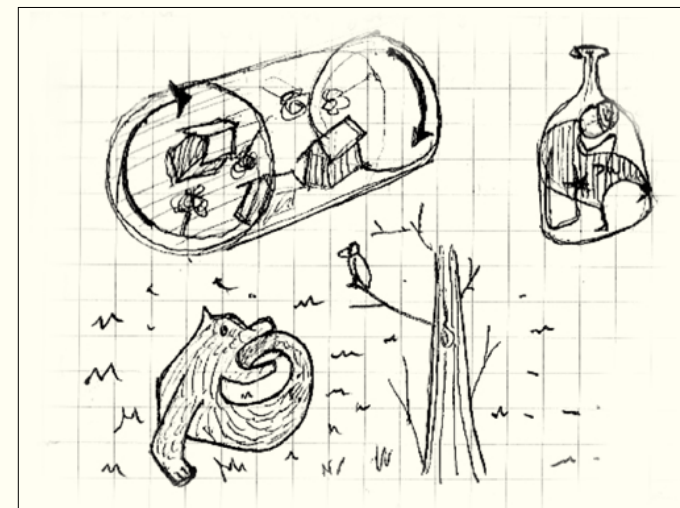


Illustration based on 'Tale Spin'

Project website, [click here](#)

The Infinite Adventure Machine (TIAM) is a proposal for a computer program that generates fairy tale plots.

While fully automatic story generation remains an unsolved problem for computer science, this project explores the links between imagination and computation. Tales and myths, the core narratives of human culture, have been transmitted for generations through various technologies and media.

What new forms might they take through digital formats and Artificial Intelligence?

Based on the work of Vladimir Propp, who reduced the structure of Russian folktales to 31 basic functions, TIAM aims to question the limitations and implications of attempts at programming language and narrative.

Because the program is unable to deliver a finished story, rather only a crude synopsis and illustrations, users have to improvise, filling the gaps with their imaginations and making up for the technology's shortcomings.



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THE Infinite Adventure MACHINE

PROPP sequence  
 $\beta^1\gamma^1\delta^1 \theta^2A^78a^3D^{10}E^7$   
 $G^6$

Synopsis  
Marked trail shows the way

Performance of service, fulfillment of request

DONOR: Offer of magical agent as exchange

Lack of wondrous objects

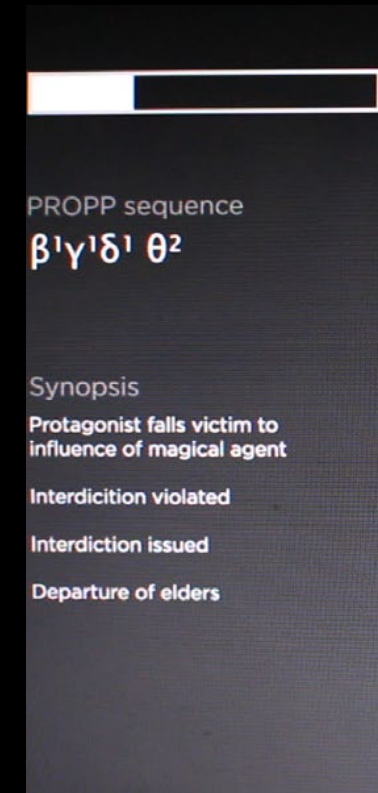
VILAINY: Antagonist causes

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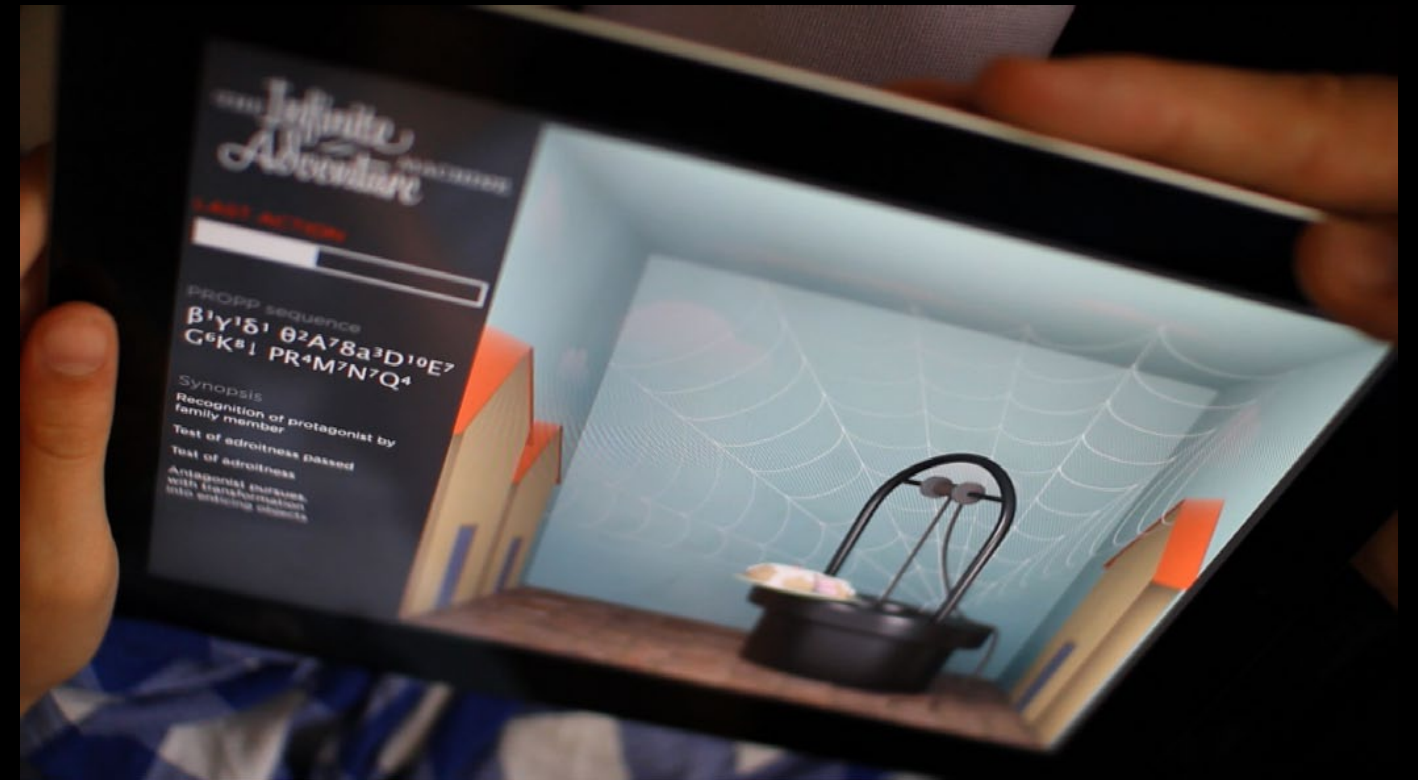
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Let's start with our first case study.

[Slide 1]

**Walt Disney's Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs, 1937**

Although Snow White is a classic fairy tale, it deals with adult and current issues for the Big Society, specifically, social inclusion for the homeless and disadvantaged.

[Slide 2]

Snow White is essentially a young person who has a dysfunctional family. She is tired, hungry and scared, driven from her stepmother, and taken over by her father.

22

Dash Macdonald  
and Demitrios  
Kargotis

Happily Ever After  
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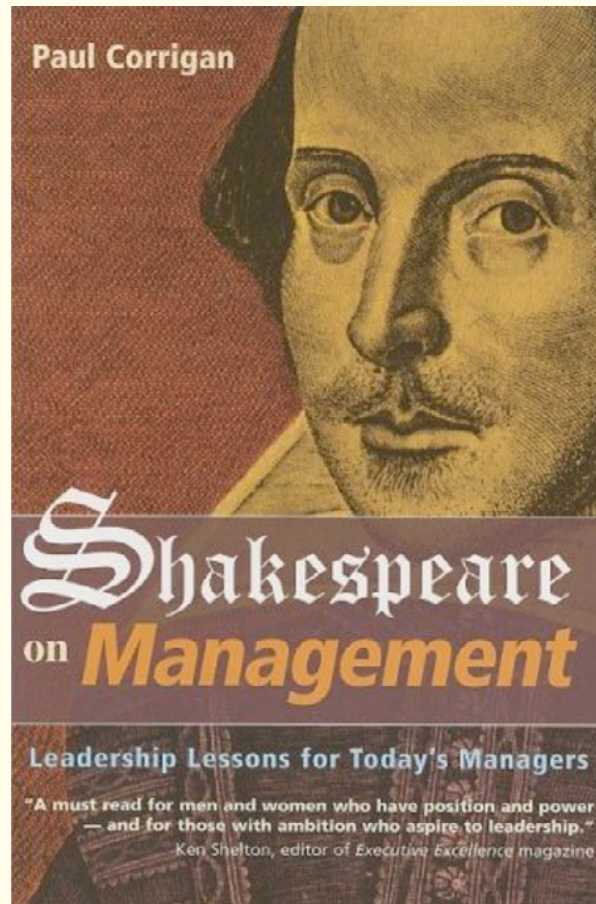
[Slide 1]

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[Slide 2]

Snow White is essentially a young person who has no family. She is tired, hungry and abandoned by her stepmother, who has taken over her father's business.



in our current world, approximately six thousand people are being let out of the Big Society each day. It is not enough to include them; it is vital that we are able to include them. Snow White's story is about seven dwarfs who live in a cave.

At the end of the story, Snow White enters, and finding the cave untidy, she begins cleaning up the residents. The Seven Dwarfs discover the truth about Snow White lying.

Dash Macdonald  
and Demitrios Kargotis

[www.dashndem.com](http://www.dashndem.com)

This is the thinking that led to the project...

The following text and images have been re-arranged to form a theatre script.

Image opposite,  
book: Paul Corrigan,  
'Shakespeare on Management'

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### INTRODUCTION

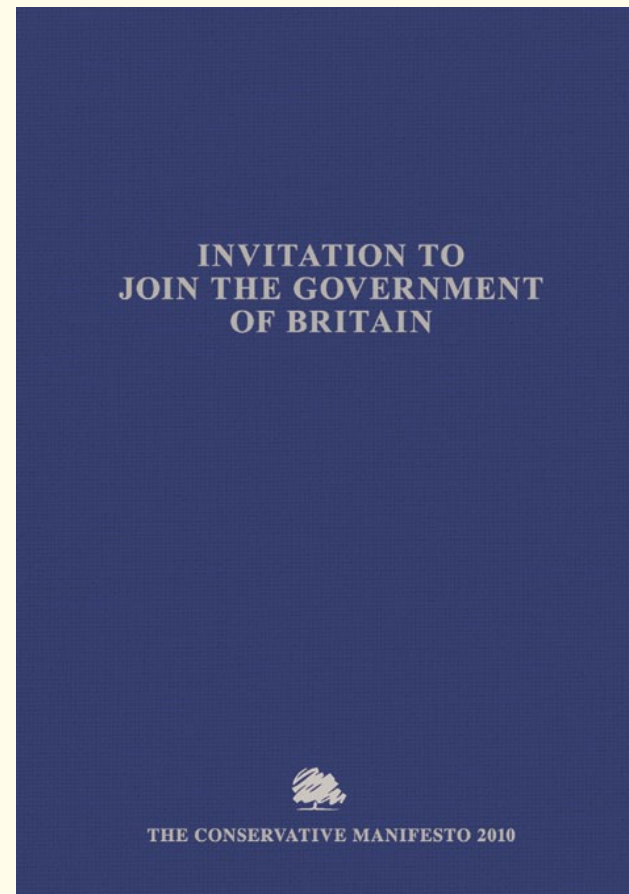
Dash arranges his presentation notes and laptop on a small side table. He opens his keynote presentation and readies himself to introduce his project. Before he proceeds with his presentation, the leader of the Microsoft team introduces several new guests to the rest of the audience.

### ACT ONE

DASH:  
(*Decisively*) We have decided to focus on reformatting text and how narrative content is taken from one context and represented within a different format — and the social implications of that...  
(*Pauses*)

in our current population of approximately six thousand people, it is essential that we let the Big Society know that we are going to include them. Snow White's story is a perfect example of this.

Next, Snow White enters, and finding the dwarfs living in a messy and untidy house, she convinces the residents that the Seven Dwarfs are lying and that she is the real Snow White.



Above: the [Big Society Manifesto](#)



Let's start with our first case study.

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This got us thinking about policy writing and we were looking at the Big Society document.

*(Pauses and takes a deep breath)*  
We were wondering how many people actually go online and download this document? How could it hijack other narrative formats? What if certain values within the Big Society were written up as a script from Eastenders?

*(Image opposite above: Eastenders)*  
*(Image opposite below: Emmerdale)*

*(Reads from presentation)*  
'On 27 May 1997 Emmerdale attracted over 13 million viewers when Frank Tate died of a heart attack after his wife, Kim Tate, returned after faking her own death months before'.



in our current society, approximately six thousand people are currently being let out of the Big Society. It is not enough to include the vital that we are missing. Snow White's story is about the Seven Dwarfs who live in a cave.

At the end of the story, Snow White enters, and finding the house untidy, she is cleaning up the residents. The Seven Dwarfs discover the truth and find Snow White lying on the ground.

Let's start with our first case study.

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We looked at the amount of people that are going to see something like this, and in terms of politics, how something could be presented and mediated by hijacking much more public and popular cultured narratives.

Looking at the rhetoric in the Big Society document, the way it is written in a rhythmical way, made us think of using a lyric generator to produce a song out of key lines from the document.

*(Image opposite above: phantom lyrics)*

*(Image opposite below: Project Umubano)*

It would fit the document's nature of focusing on the emotive side of community involvement, volunteering, and connecting, rather than the reality

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in our current city of six thousand people, many are being let out of the Big Society. It is not enough to include people, it is vital that we are inclusive. Snow White's story is about the Seven Dwarfs who live in a hovel.

At the end, Snow White enters, and finding the dwarfs untidy, she is cleaning up the residents. The Seven Dwarfs discover the truth about Snow White lying.

of how things are going to be funded and work when there is less money.

But, again, how we would address this would be not from a political perspective but looking at the construction behind different ways that it could be mediated or reinterpreted as.

**ACT TWO**

We also got interested in the corporate appropriation and exploitation of symbolism within narrative, in the format of corporate role-play.

*(Image opposite above: 'Avant-Garde Teambuilding')*

*(Image opposite below: 'Forum Theatre')*



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Snow White is essentially a young person who has a normal family. She is tired, hungry and scared, and runs away from her stepmother, who takes her over to live with her father.

So these are the different directions that we were looking at, and we wanted to use today as an opportunity to gauge interest within these directions and hear your thoughts on it.

END

One of the ideas we had was to re-dramatise a classic play such as 'Romeo and Juliet' in the format of corporate role-play. How could it all be written and restructured in relation to a role-play scenario? In terms of 'Romeo and Juliet' it could be a conflict negotiation for example...

This brought us into looking at Forum Theatre, which was initially developed to help people who were being oppressed at work to help them learn how to communicate and overthrow the repressive system they were in... (cough) ...It's now widely used within corporate training for negotiation skills and to treat communication failure: a specific scenario is played out by a group of actors, and then the audience intervenes and rescripts it into a more positive outcome.

in our current society, approximately six thousand people are being let down by the Big Society. It is important enough to include social inclusion as a vital that we are addressing. Snow White's story and the Seven Dwarfs are a classic example of this.

In the end, Snow White enters, and finding the house untidy, she helps the residents. The Seven Dwarfs discover the truth about Snow White lying.

Let's start with our first case study.

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**'Happily Ever After in the Big Society'**

'Happily Ever After in the Big Society' is a hyper-realistic workshop training script that uses fictional case studies to model and explore goals and objectives identified in the 2010 Conservative manifesto. Expanding on the misappropriation and exploitation of fiction in management training, the project questions whether it is possible to transpose ideas from iconic stories and films into real-world applications, and the socio-political implications of reworking fictional models to inform the contemporary grand narrative of 'The Big Society'.

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The following pages are an extract from a workshop document. The following PowerPoint presentation is seen as the workshop notes are read out.

The full workshop document can be downloaded, [here](#)

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**Walt Disney's Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs, 1937**

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[Slide 2]

Snow White is essentially a young person who has become homeless due to a dysfunctional family. She finds herself lost in the forest, tired, hungry and scared after she narrowly escapes from her stepmother, a vain and wicked Queen who has taken over the kingdom after the death of her father.

[Slide 3]

Homelessness is an important issue in our current society. At any one time, some fifty-six thousand people slip through the net, ultimately being let down by the system. If we are to meet the Big Society's intention of being big enough to include even the most disadvantaged, it is vital that we are innovative in how we address this issue. Snow White's reciprocal relationship with the Seven Dwarfs demonstrates an interesting approach.

[Slide 4]

Going back to the story, in the forest, Snow White discovers a tiny cottage, which she enters, and finding no one home and the house dusty and untidy, she decides to give it a good clean, hoping the residents may let her stay in return. When the Seven Dwarfs arrive home, they are astonished to discover the house clean and tidy. After finding Snow White lying

# Case Study 1

Walt Disney's Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs, 1937

Themes and Issues

Social inclusion for the homeless and disadvantaged

Cultivating a truly reciprocal society

“We know we have a shared responsibility, that we’re all in this together.”

David Cameron

Slide 1

Let's start with our first case study.

[Slide 1]

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## Snow White has become homeless due to a dysfunctional family



Walt Disney's Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs, 1937

Slide 2

Let's start with our first case study.

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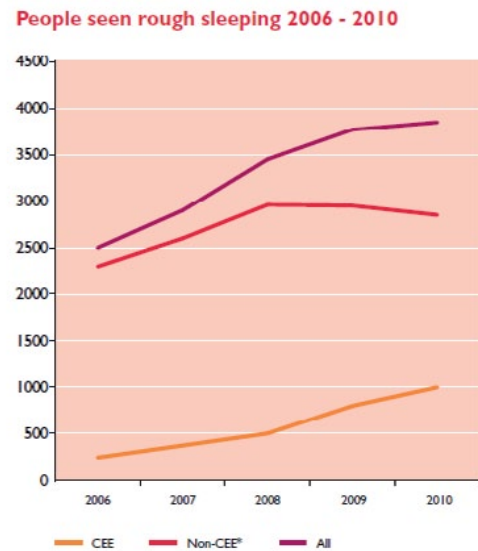
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At any one time, some 56,000 people slip through the net



Walt Disney's Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs, 1937

Slide 3

Let's start with our first case study.

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[Slide 4]

Going back to the story, in the forest, Snow White discovers a tiny cottage, which she enters, and finding no one home and the house dusty and untidy, she decides to give it a good clean, hoping the residents may let her stay in return. When the Seven Dwarfs arrive home, they are astonished to discover the house clean and tidy. After finding Snow White lying

Back to the story...



Walt Disney's Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs, 1937

Slide 4

Let's start with our first case study.

[Slide 1]

**Walt Disney's Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs, 1937**

Although Snow White is a classic fairy tale, it deals with adult and current issues for the Big Society, specifically, social inclusion for the homeless and disadvantaged.

[Slide 2]

Snow White is essentially a young person who has become homeless due to a dysfunctional family. She finds herself lost in the forest, tired, hungry and scared after she narrowly escapes from her stepmother, a vain and wicked Queen who has taken over the kingdom after the death of her father.

[Slide 3]

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## Points to Consider

- Snow White took initiative by cleaning the house before the Seven Dwarfs returned home
- Snow White identified that her skills could help the Seven Dwarfs and used this to come to a mutually beneficial agreement.
- Key to the successful outcome of this scenario was the Seven Dwarfs decision, to show trust and willingness to reach out and help a disadvantaged person

Walt Disney's Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs, 1937

Slide 5

asleep across their beds, she is asked to leave by Grumpy; however, she explains her dilemma and pleads to stay, offering in return to 'keep house', to wash, sew, sweep and cook for them. Despite the risk the Dwarfs face from the evil Queen and her black magic, they decide to let her stay.

I will now play the scene where the Seven Dwarfs arrive home while Snow White is sleeping upstairs:  
[Note for trainer: play DVD from 00:28:00 - 00:38:00]

[Slide 5]

There are three key points that I would like you to consider:

- Snow White took initiative by cleaning the house before the Seven Dwarfs returned home
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[Slide 6]

### **Exercise One Role-Play: Negotiating a Reciprocal Relationship**

For this first exercise, we are going to stage a role-play based on the part of the scene we have just watched, where Snow White is trying to convince the Seven Dwarfs to let her stay.

Firstly, we need to consider the factors that influence the Seven Dwarfs' decision:

[Slide 7]

## Role-Play: Negotiating a Reciprocal Relationship

Snow White is trying to convince the Seven Dwarfs to let stay

Positive	Negative	Ethical Dilemma
Snow White has already impressed with her cooking and cleaning, and offers to continue to 'keep house' by washing, sewing, sweeping and cooking for them	Danger from vengeance of the evil Queen and her black magic	If the Seven Dwarfs refuse to allow Snow White to stay, she would be all alone in the forest and could be killed by the evil Queen
She can cook gooseberry pie, the Dwarfs, favourite	Snow White is a stranger who broke into their home	
Snow White is beautiful and charming		

Walt Disney's Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs, 1937

Slide 6

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[Slide 7]

## Character Traits

Grumpy



Intelligent, sceptical, cynical,  
clashes with Doc

Snow White



Kind, polite, eager to please,  
innocent

Doc



Authoritative, compassionate,  
bumbling, loves gooseberry pie

Walt Disney's Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs, 1937

Slide 7

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[Slide 7]

For this improvisational scenario we need three volunteers

---



GRUMPY: "We know who we are, ask her who she is and what she is doing here?"

DOC: ...

SNOW WHITE: ...

Walt Disney's Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs, 1937

Slide 8

asleep across their beds, she is asked to leave by Grumpy; however, she explains her dilemma and pleads to stay, offering in return to 'keep house', to wash, sew, sweep and cook for them. Despite the risk the Dwarfs face from the evil Queen and her black magic, they decide to let her stay.

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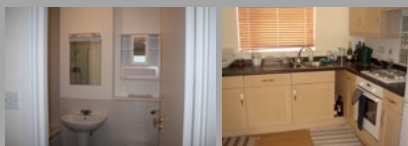
[Slide 7]

## Exercise 2



A spacious, bright room available in Edgbaston, situated two minutes from bus stop, worth £85 per week, bills included.

In return I am looking for ...



Walt Disney's Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs, 1937

Slide 9

Begin with Snow White introducing her scheme.

Great! We've now seen two different responses to how this concept might apply to a community. How did you feel this role-play went and how could Snow White improve her proposal and pitch? Was Grumpy's argument strong enough and how did Doc get on board?

[Note for trainer: You can repeat this several times with the group]

[Slide 9]

### Exercise two

A new government website links volunteers to people willing to offer a vacant room in exchange for services provided to them and their wider community. Write an advert stipulating your requirements in exchange for:

***"A spacious, bright room available in Edgbaston, two minutes from bus stop, worth £85 per week, bills included."***

***In return, I am looking for ..."***

[Example for trainer: *"A motivated individual trying to improve his/her situation. Willing to volunteer 8 hours per week for community projects and do a minimum of three hours of house work per week in my home."* ]

[Note for trainer: Allow 5 minutes for the group to write their ads]

Now, I would like everyone to read out their ads so that we can discuss them.  
Grumpy represent the council members responsible for making the decision.

Begin with Snow White introducing her scheme.

DB

DM and DK

KB

NM

SP and CW

Slide 9

DB

DM and DK

KB

NM

SP and CW



41

Koby Barhad

How do I know what  
I think until I see  
what I say?

DB

DM and DK

KB

NM

SP and CW

Project website, [www.thoughtsyoumayhave.com](http://www.thoughtsyoumayhave.com)

## Writing thinking writings

This research first explores the use of a writing application, designed to represent the structure and behaviour of humans, private thinking space. In a series of three experiments (seven hours of inner dialogue, a couple communicating through inner dialogues, and a religious confession in which a reverend shares his private space with a confessor) I discovered the potential of these representations to act as a self-and social exploration tool. Looking at writing prediction technologies, I develop them, and a social space where people manage their externalised thinking streams, developing it, share and influence others streams of thoughts. Cogitos is a virtual existence of the thinking self that continues to evolve even after we have long disappeared from this world.

The following pages are taken from Koby's project website, [www.thoughtsyoumayhave.com](http://www.thoughtsyoumayhave.com)



“How do I know what I think until I see what I say?”  
(E.M. Forster)

“Thoughts you may have” is research that looks into the existence and possibility of regenerating what Augustine of Hippo described as “Soliloquium” — our Inner Dialogue.

It is a project commissioned by Microsoft Research, Cambridge, in which we were asked to “experiment with new tools for authoring”... “to redefine the relations between public and private authorship”. My aim was to reintroduce writing as a form of thinking, and as the research advanced it became clear that thinking and writing are not only the “twins of mental life”, they can actually produce a possible form of it.

Instillation of the ‘word processor’ framework

DB

DM and DK

KB

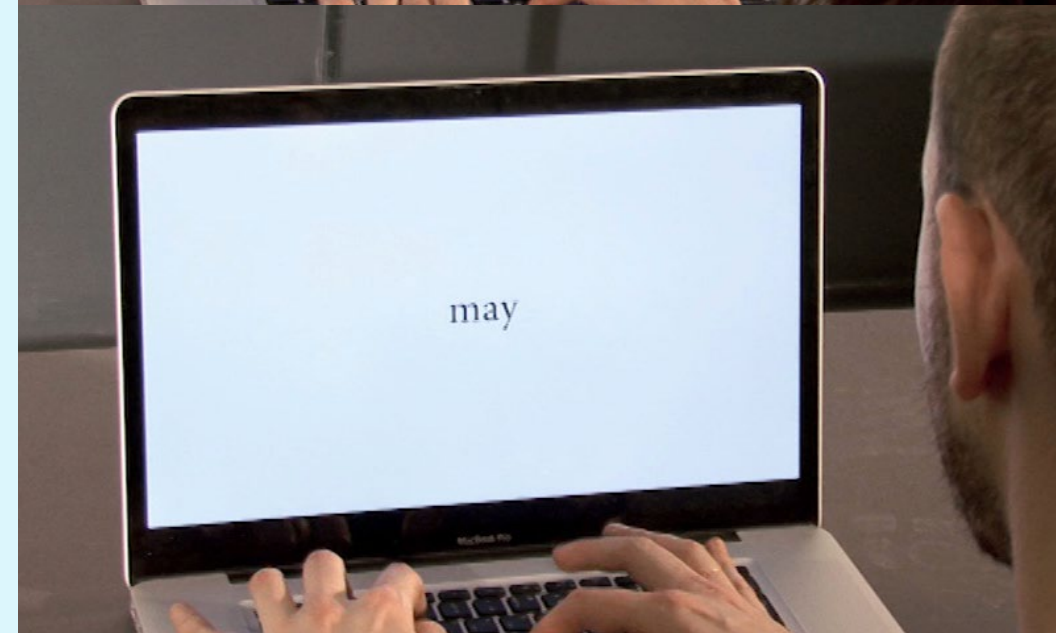
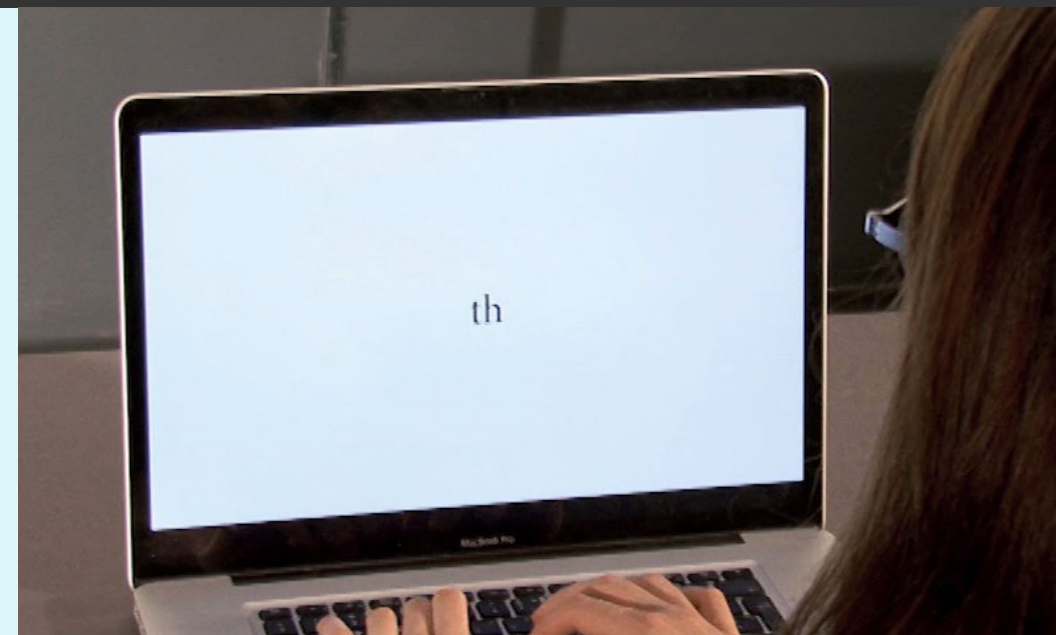
NM

SP and CW

## Word Processor

The new framework is as addictive as surfing the web. It allows users the opportunity to consciously read their own thoughts. The data is arranged in the same order as in our minds, thus making the effect very powerful. It's very hard to stop writing as soon as you are drawn into the screen. One test subject wrote:

“When the screen went blank and I could not write, I realised how involved with this I had become. I did not want to stop and was very frustrated.”



Using the 'word processor' framework

DB

DM and DK

KB

NM

SP and CW

## Word Processor Codes

Daydreaming — Moments that users lost their conscious view. The program was set to produce a sign if nothing was typed for 30 seconds.

Speaking — Moments the subjects had to speak with others in the physical world.

Singing and Humming — Moments users realised they were humming to themselves.

/ daydreaming

{ } singing /humming

[ ] speaking with others

Image: symbols used for categorising thoughts

DB

DM and DK

KB

NM

SP and CW

## Experiment 1: INNER DIALOGUE

The first step was to put the new word processor to the test, and find if this form of writing is different from what we know.

In a seven-hour session of inner dialogue, I tested different writing conditions: three hours of being in private space, two hours of sharing the space with another person, and two hours of being in public space.

The experiment looked at several questions:

- 1) What are the relations between the words being typed and to our conscious thread of thoughts?
- 2) Does the normal balance between consciousness and unconsciousness change?
- 3) What will be the new definition of our private space? Public space?
- 4) What sort of extreme behaviours will it trigger?
- 5) How far are we willing to go just to have representations of our thinking selves?



Laptop carrier

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*ye what the f\*\*\* are you looking at  
f\*\*\*\*\*!*

*[]*

*/*

*hate photo shooting*

*shut up*

Seven-hours of writing — South Kensington

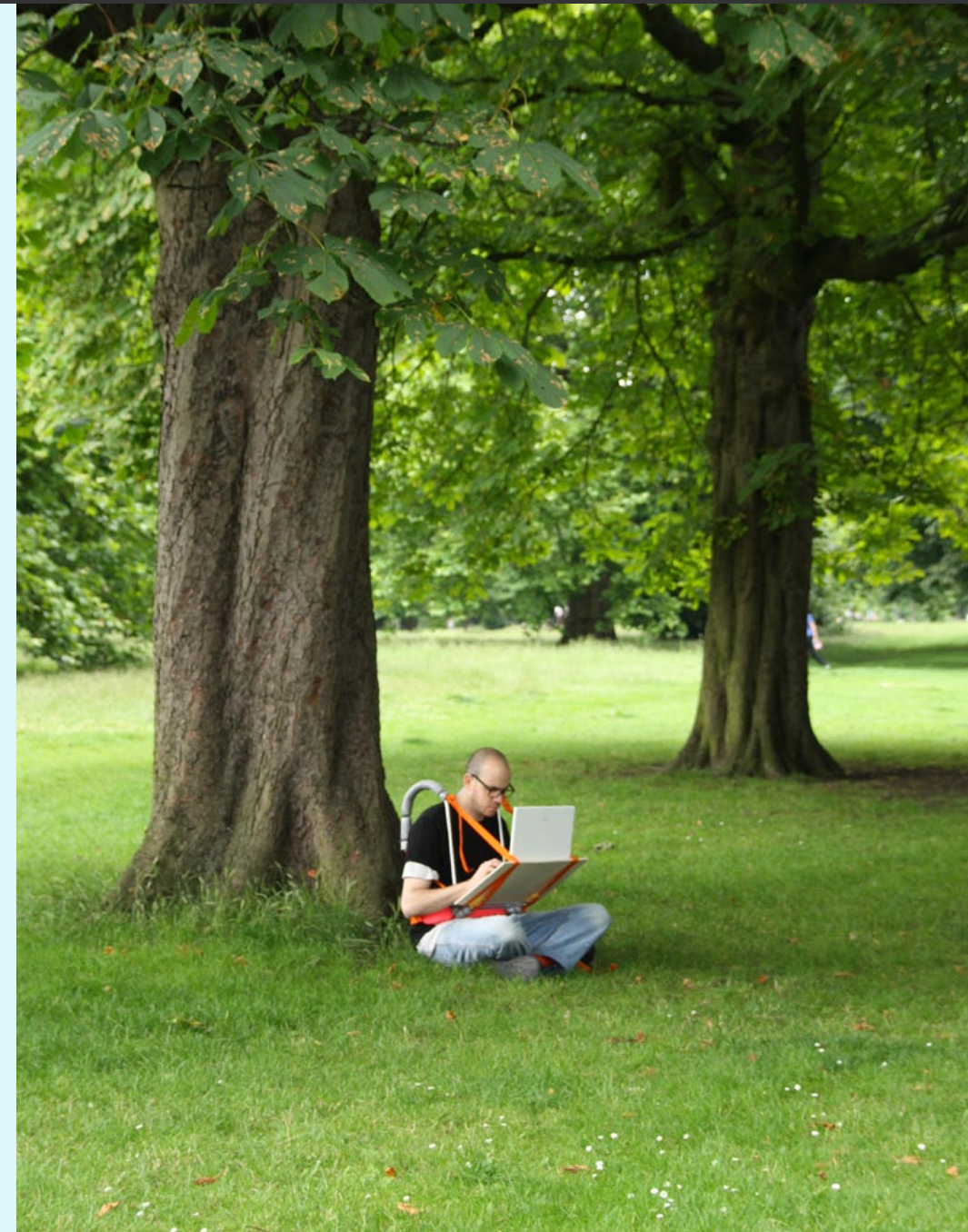
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Seven-hours of writing — Hyde Park



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*I don't know if people are stalking me or I'm the stalker*

*feels weird*

*can feel them looking but I'm talking on them*

*back stalking, nice!*

Seven-hours of writing — Hyde Park

For results and analysis on the project website, [click here](#)

(additional experiments exploring themes of the influence of communication and confession can also be found there)

DB

DM and DK

KB

NM

SP and CW



DB DM and DK KB NM SP and CW

52

Nicolas Myers

Punctuation?

DB

DM and DK

KB

NM

SP and CW

Nicolas Myers

[www.portfolio.myers.fr/home](http://www.portfolio.myers.fr/home)  
[www.studiomyers.co.uk/](http://www.studiomyers.co.uk/)

The following section of  
typography experiments is based  
on a page format that was used  
for a well-know type foundry.

British character set of Arial Unicode

Arial Unicode MS

abcdefghijklmnop

lmnopqrst

vwxyz

ABCDEFGHIJK

LMNOPQRST

UVWXYZ

1234567890

!@£\$%^&\*()

DB

DM and DK

KB

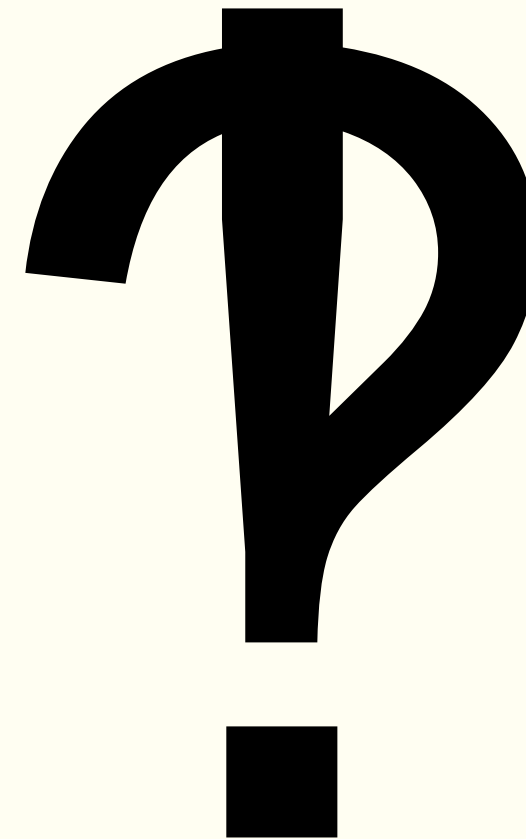
NM

SP and CW

Double punctuation



Hybrid punctuation



Changing emphasis by changing sentence structure


Charles the First walked and talked  
half an hour after his head was cut off.

Charles the 1<sup>st</sup> walked & talked

Charles the First walked and talked;  
half an hour after, his head was cut off.

½ h after, his head **W**as  off ■

Charles the First walked and talked...  
Half an hour after, his head was cut off !!!!

Charles the 1<sup>st</sup> walked & talked  
½ h after, his head was  off.

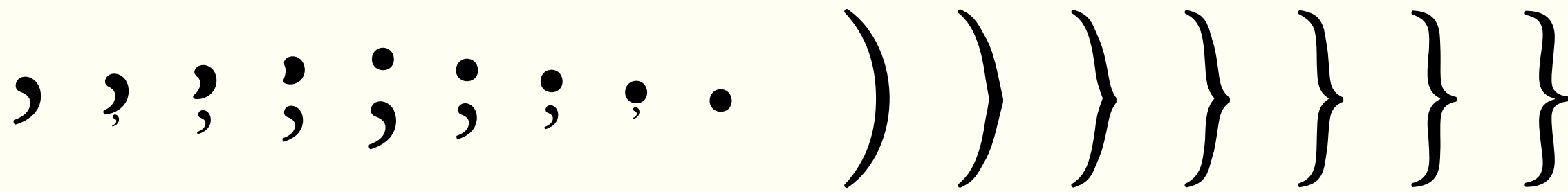
Punctuation mutation — forming hybrid punctuation

[ [ [ ( (

• • • • •



Punctuation mutation — forming hybrid punctuation



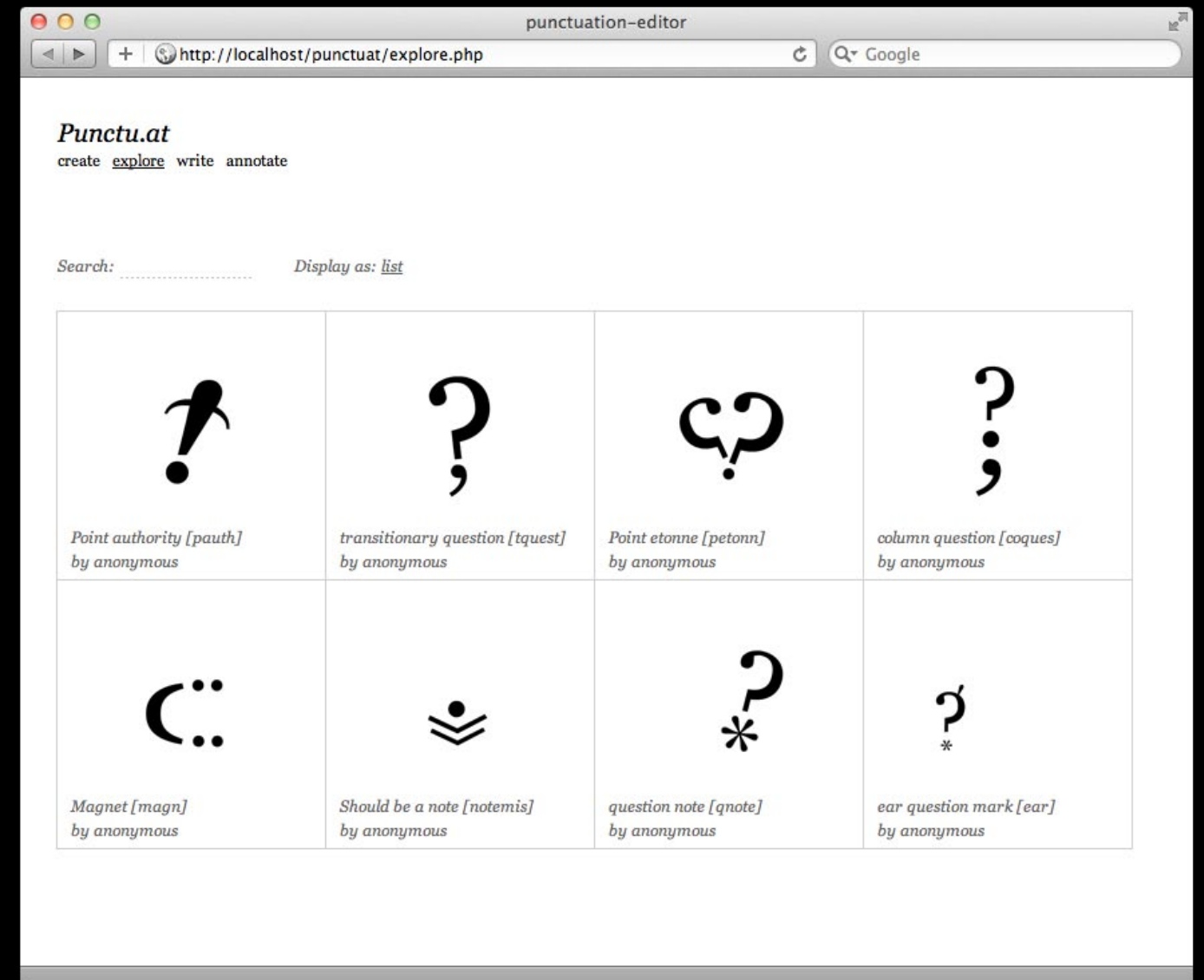
## Punctuation mutation — forming hybrid punctuation



## Punctuation?

There is a rich world of symbols that can change our perception of the written language. Never pronounced, constantly evolving, these seemingly trivial hooks, dots and lines can clarify, structure or twist a text; they can also make us smile or ponder upon an intended meaning. But on our keyboards this diversity is reduced to the bare minimum. Let's mix and merge these symbols and invent new ones! Devised as an experiment, <http://punctu.at> is an online tool to enable anyone to create, use and share personal and imaginative punctuation.

Project website, [click here](#)



DB

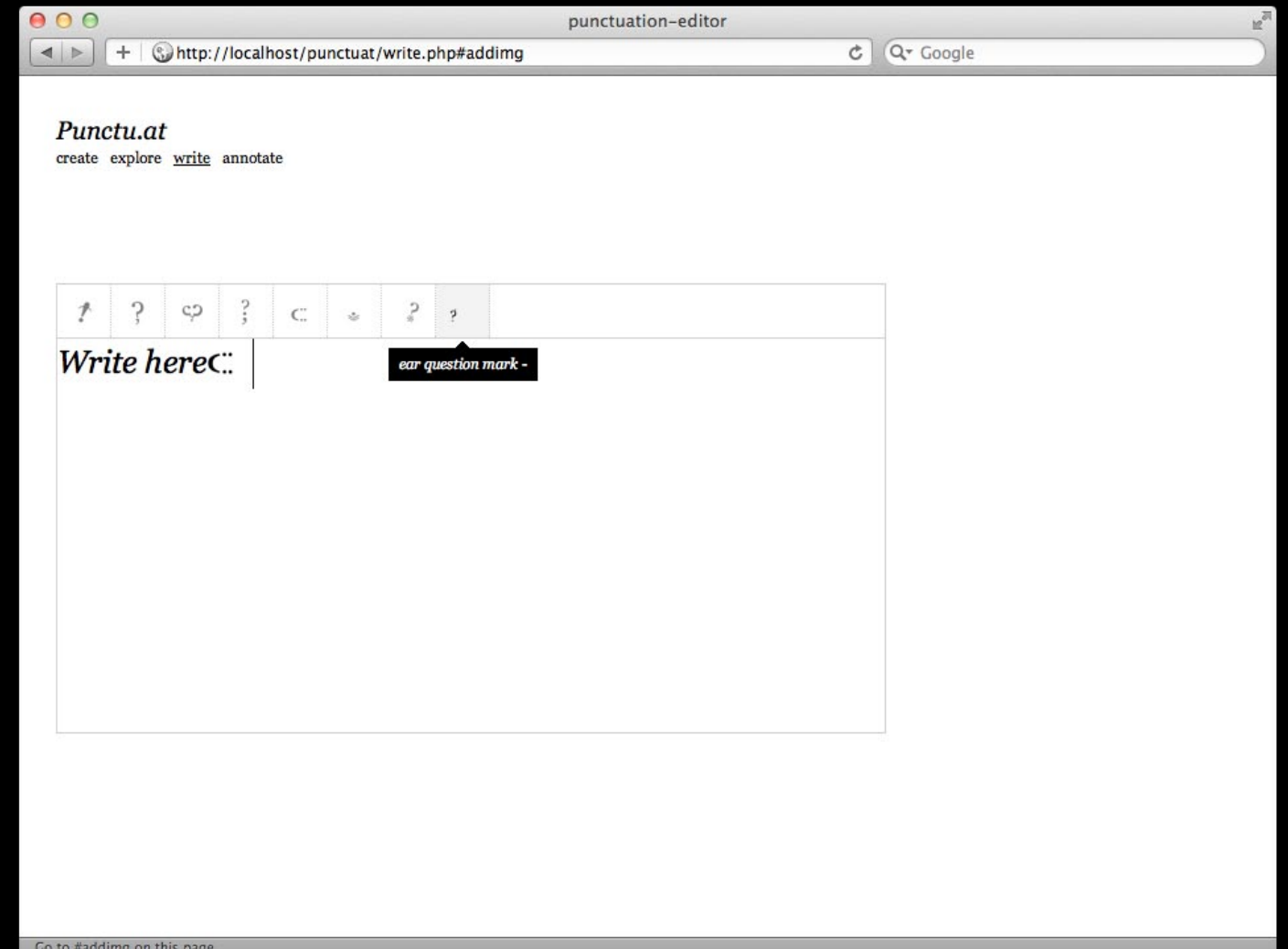
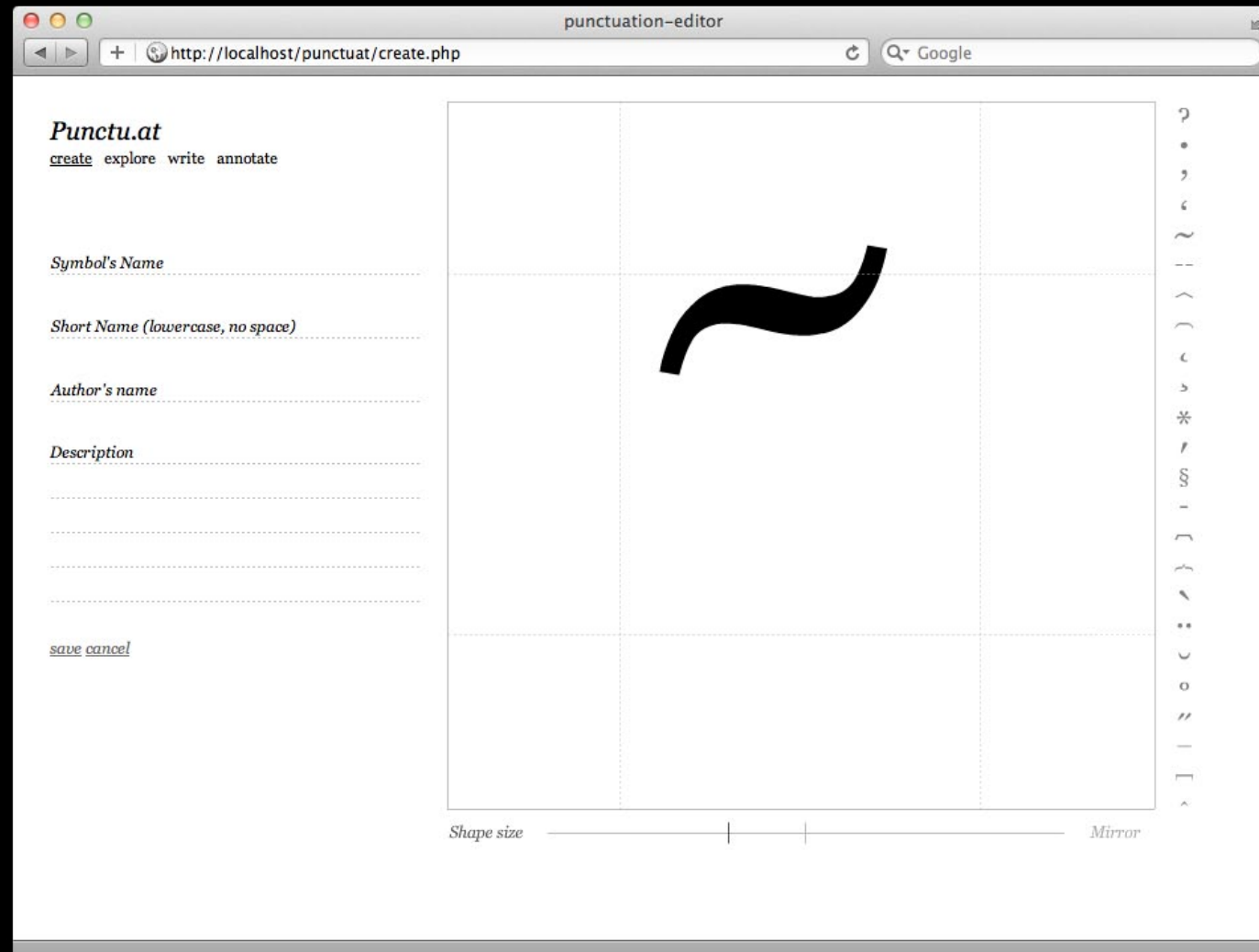
DM and DK

KB

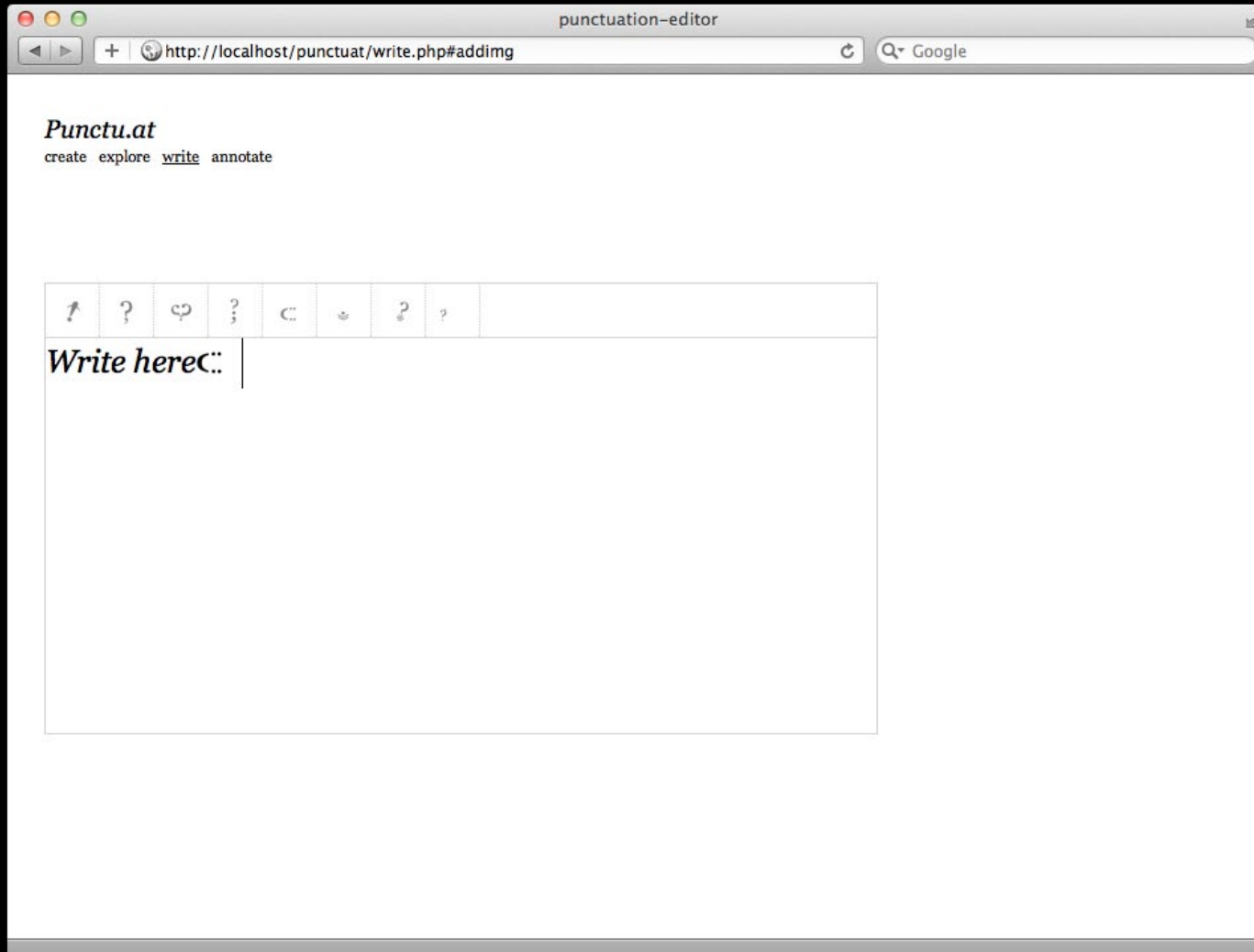
NM

SP and CW

Project website, [click here](#)



Project website, [click here](#)



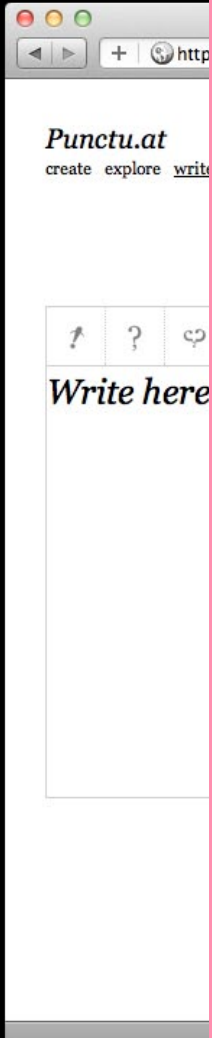
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DM and DK

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SP and CW



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DM and DK

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SP and CW

63

Sascha Pohflepp  
and Chris Woebken

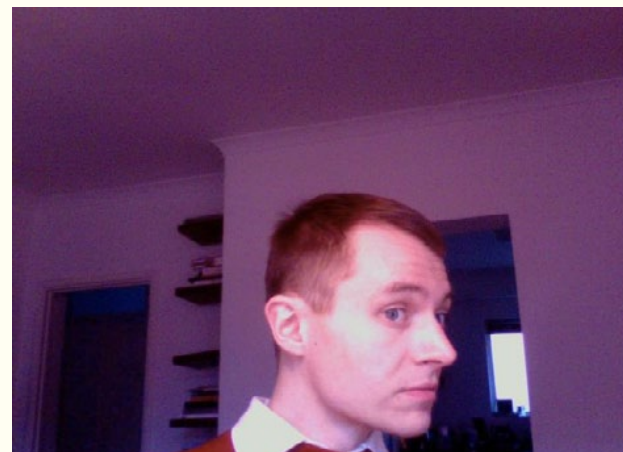
The Future of Everything

Sascha Pohflepp  
Chris Woebken

Further information about Sascha and  
Chris can be found at their websites:

[www.pohflepp.com](http://www.pohflepp.com)  
[www.woebken.net](http://www.woebken.net)

Excerpts from a Skype chat  
LONDON (KW STUDIO)  
to NEW YORK (SASCHA)



KW: So, Seb and I are looking at different treatments to retell or document all the projects. The idea for it comes from each designer's individual take on the project, and for yours we need to know more before we proceed. Because we don't fully understand it — I guess we have a bad record of it because we were both not present in Cambridge — well I wasn't; Seb was, and you had a Skype presentation with a bad reception. The video chat wasn't successfully recorded by us, but we do have your PDF presentation. It would be good to go through it with your explanation — or alternatively you could just briefly explain your project without the presentation and tell us what your intentions are. Has your project got a name yet?

Sascha: No, not really, we haven't got a name yet. Wait, I will quickly ask Chris... 'Everything' we will use for sure, we might use the word 'future' as well, but not sure yet.

KW: I see. So 'Everything for sure, future may be'.

Sascha: So, the initial thought was the situation that your life will be recorded and archived. The issue has been in the media lots lately; there is this



article in the Guardian: 'iPhone keeps record of everywhere you go'. Security researchers have discovered that Apple's iPhone keeps track of where you go — and saves every detail of it to a secret file on the device, which is then copied to the owner's computer when the two are synchronised.

Link: <http://www.guardian.co.uk/technology/2011/apr/20/iphone-tracking-prompts-privacy-fears>  
It's been up for the last 18 months but has now been removed.

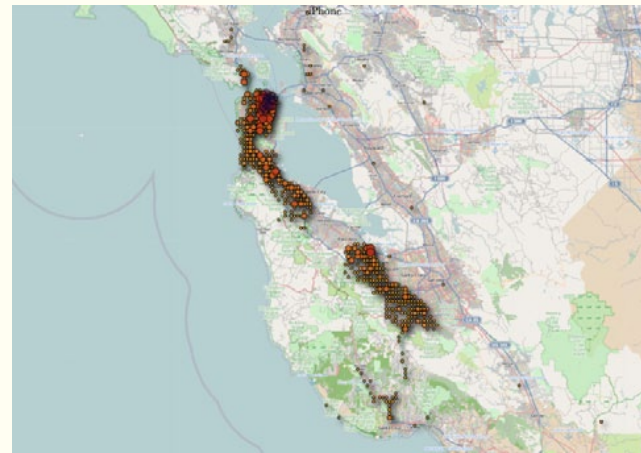


KW: So, the future of writing might be the future of writing everything.

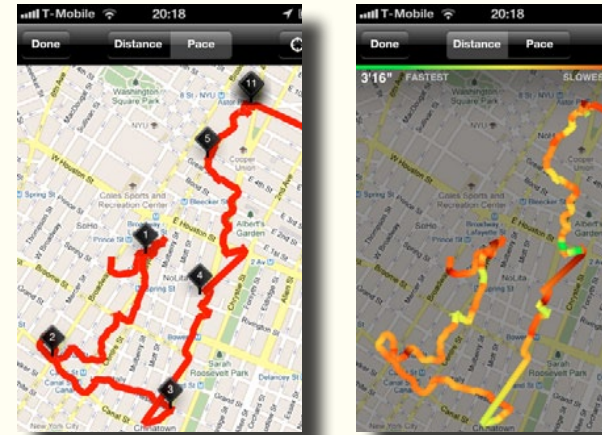
Sascha: All those locations create a spatial narrative that we are interested in. I copied my location data onto

my computer and have seen my last year of travels. It's slide 2 from the presentation. You can see when I have been to the States, then, here you see those singular dots, this one is an interview I did outside LA.

We got in touch with Kyle McDonald who is working with these data narratives. So, the future of writing also equals



loc.lat	loc.lon	t	device	os
40.72771630075342	-73.98544064212329	1303873301.041162	iPhone2,1	4.3.2
40.72769855472164	-73.9858252079794	1303873300.338046	iPhone2,1	4.3.2
40.72971794901641	-73.98613883131152	1303873297.934919	iPhone2,1	4.3.2
40.68748748655663	-73.98454467711339	1303854285.61292	iPhone2,1	4.3.2
40.68638689362319	-73.97564187101446	1303848462.689954	iPhone2,1	4.3.2
40.68775850006179	-73.97996244744593	1303836779.779793	iPhone2,1	4.3.2
40.68814213300969	-73.98004278964402	1303836777.519955	iPhone2,1	4.3.2
40.72845272101694	-73.97847717211866	1303778565.271762	iPhone2,1	4.3.2
40.72469515656566	-73.98113944525251	1303778564.504675	iPhone2,1	4.3.2
40.72982734663368	-73.97927617564358	1303777497.241094	iPhone2,1	4.3.2
40.7273302990549	-73.98318565204271	1303774181.534944	iPhone2,1	4.3.2
40.72754454883456	-73.98324274244366	1303774181.022663	iPhone2,1	4.3.2
40.6881015258139	-73.97967553852708	1303755094.24226	iPhone2,1	4.3.2



the future of reading. And it could get quite specific — like you could record everything you have ever said. And knowing that, how would your behaviour change? How will it all be processed? It's like a constantly updated autobiography. Your personality, instant mediation, describing your character.

Our outcome will be three short films: 'PAST', 'PRESENT' and 'FUTURE'.

For the 'PAST' one we will get the actor to re-enact something from his life, relive something in this space.

KW: Wow, this could become quite religious or philosophical — it reminds me of my uncle who is a Taoist, who told me about the act of reliving your own birth, because birth is the most dramatic experience a person goes

through and through re-enacting it, you get over the trauma of it.

Sascha: Haha, I like that comparison.

The 'PRESENT' one is about the non-accuracy of these tracking devices, how the dot point on the screen bounces around and shows wrong locations. It could be someone who wants to be in a slightly different spot, or is in the slightly wrong spot. He might be aware that he is present in both locations. We might film it in midtown, GPS across.

With the 'FUTURE' one we're not quite there yet. We are thinking of the city space for desire. As you are typing into Google: *I want to...* and then it predicts ... *I want to die, I want to hold your hand, I want to hold your hand lyrics, I want to be a billionaire, I want to know what love is, I want to watch this, I want to be the guy...* etc. It could be location related...

## The Future of Everything

The future of writing is the future of writing down everything. We will be the last generation whose life will not have been on record. Personal technology has been tracking our every move for some time already and selective memory is a biological concept from which databases do not suffer. The future of writing will be our auto-autobiographies being created

## The Future of Writing

Opposite:

Work-in-progress PDF presentation  
downloaded in Skype Chat

DB

DM and DK

KB

NM

SP and CW

Below and opposite:

Work-in-progress PDF presentation  
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## (is) The Future of Everything

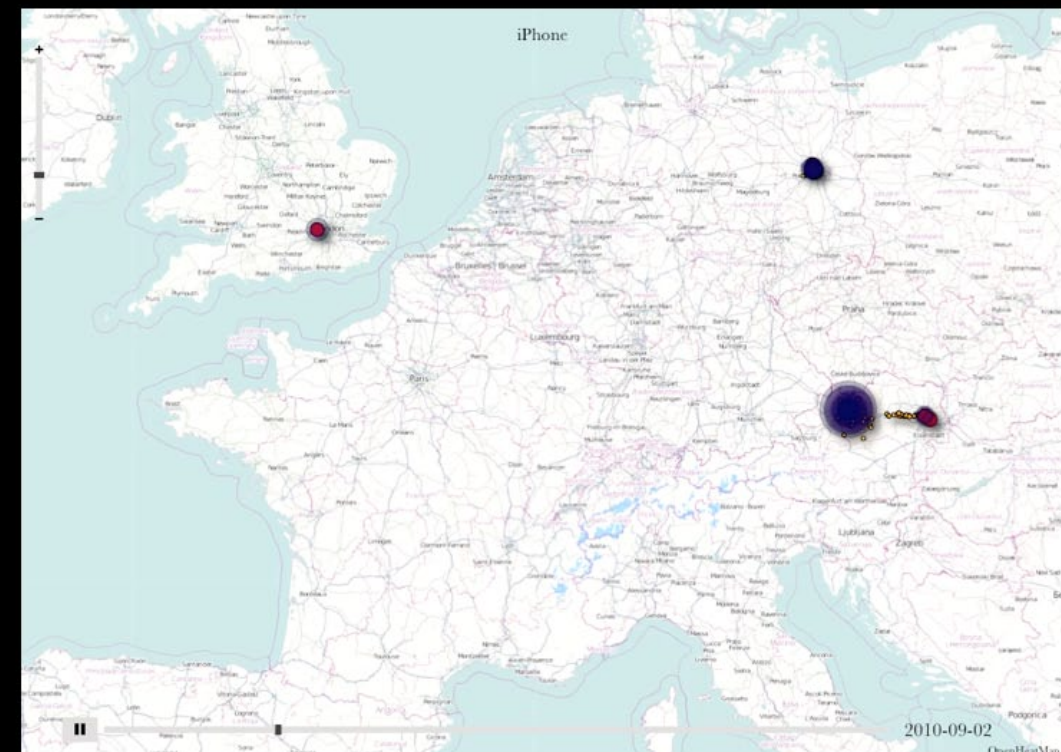
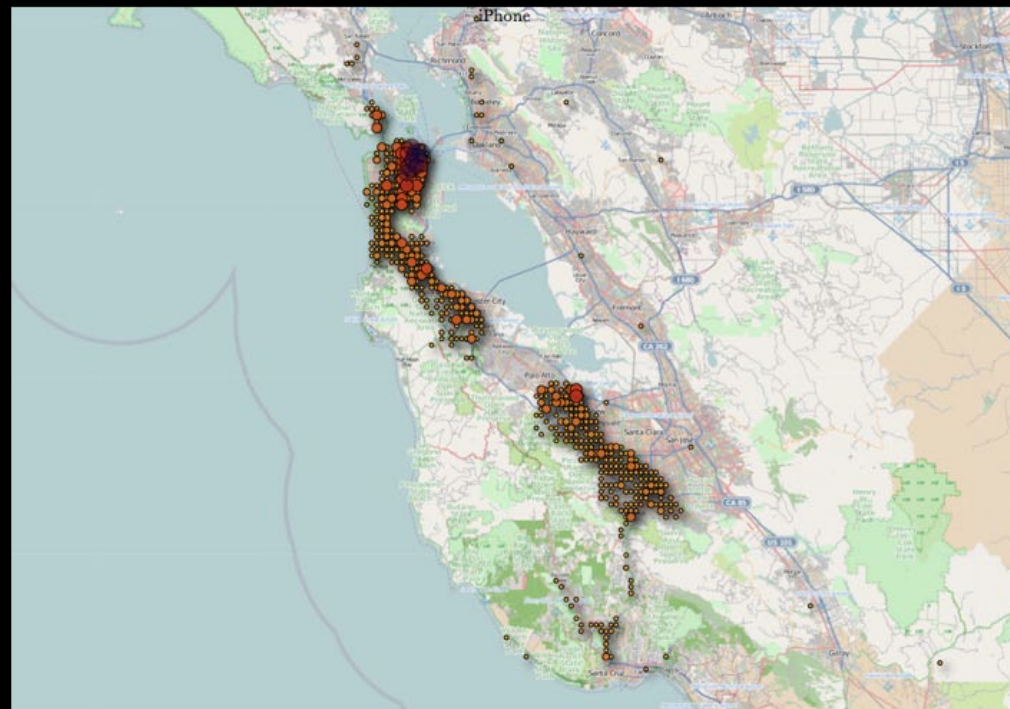
loc.lat	loc.lon	t	device	os
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40.72769855472164	-73.9858252079794	1303873300.338046	iPhone2,1	4.3.2
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40.70985120995347	-73.9660677553489	1303583217.628471	iPhone2,1	4.3.2

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## The Future of Everything

The future of writing is the future of writing down everything. We will be the last generation whose life will not have been on record. Personal technology has been tracking our every move for some time already and selective memory is a biological concept from which databases do not suffer. The future of writing will be our auto-autobiographies being created



DB

DM and DK

KB

NM

SP and CW

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### The Future of Everything

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**“The future of writing will be the future of writing down everything.” (Kyle McDonald)**

**We may be the last generation whose life will not be part of the perfect record. (Selective memory is a biological concept, machines don't care.)**

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**“The memory of a precise color in the street bounces back on another country, another distance, another music, endlessly.” (Chris Marker)**

**The future of writing will thus be the future of reading the data of our auto-autobiographies.**

**How aware will we be of our every step becoming part of a narrative written by machinic ghost-writers?**

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# 1 The Book of Everything

## Data sources

Time

Location

Distance travelled

Compass & gyroscope

Visibility & disappearance

Photos taken

Communication as dialogue

Climate

Socioeconomic indicators

Simultaneous events such as news

Air traffic

etc.

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8 July 2011 Last updated at 10:54 ET 918 | Share | f | t | e | l

### Secret agents raid Apple store webcam 'artist'

The US Secret Service has raided the home of an artist who collected images from webcams in a New York Apple store.



Kyle McDonald is said to have installed software that photographed people looking at laptops then uploaded the pictures to a website.

Mr McDonald said he had obtained permission from a security guard to take photos inside the store.

Apple declined to comment. However, the Secret Service confirmed that its electronic crime division was involved.

A spokesperson told the BBC that the investigation was taking place under **US Code Title 18 /1030** which relates to "Fraud and related activity in connection with computers."

Offences covered by the legislation carry a maximum penalty of 20 years in prison.

Writing on Twitter, Mr McDonald said: "@secretsservice just stopped by to investigate [web address removed] and took my laptop. Please assume they're reading any e-mails you send me."

No arrests had been made in the case as of 8 July.

#### Staring

Kyle McDonald's images were uploaded to a page on the blogging site Tumblr.

#### Related Stories

- Iraqi bolts headcam to skull in name of art
- US school accused of web spying



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## 2 Three short films (Past/Present/Future)

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**(Past) We may want to attempt to use our perfect memory in order to go back in time**

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**(Present) We may want to be remembered where we were not**

**The 'multipath effect'**

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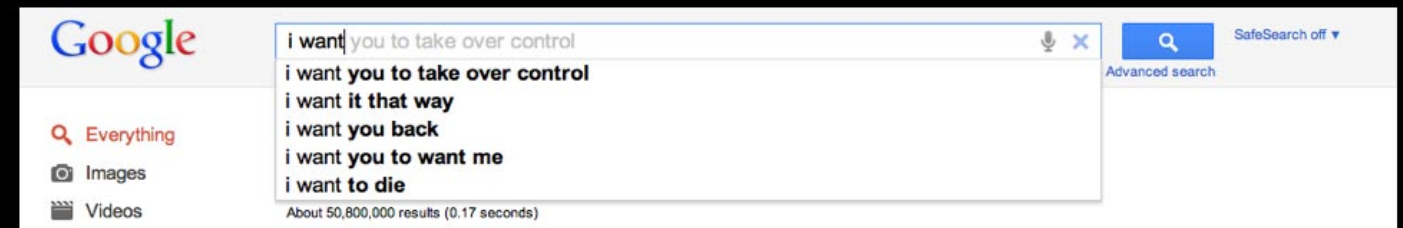
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**(Future) We may want the machines to read our futures**



DB

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KB

NM

SP and CW

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## The Future of Everything

The future of writing is the future of writing down everything. We will be the last generation whose life will not have been on record. Personal technology has been tracking our every move for some time already and selective memory is a biological concept from which databases do not suffer. The future of writing will be our auto-autobiographies being created by machinic ghost-writers. How aware will we be of being the protagonist of a continuous narrative? One through which the past could be re-enacted, the meaning of the present influenced, and the future predicted.

DB

DM and DK

KB

NM

SP and CW

Below and opposite:

Film stills: 'Past'

We may want to attempt to use our perfect memory in the order to go back in time



DB

DM and DK

KB

NM

SP and CW

Below and opposite:

Film stills: 'Present'

We may want to be remembered where  
we are not



DB

DM and DK

KB

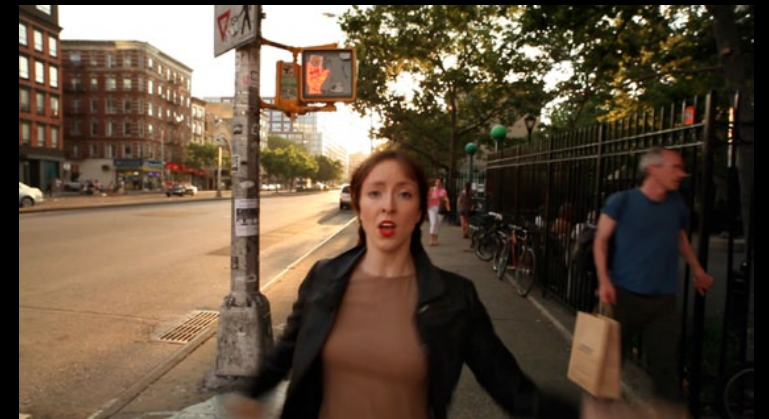
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Film stills: 'Future'

We may want the machines  
to read our futures



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DB DM and DK KB NM SP and CW